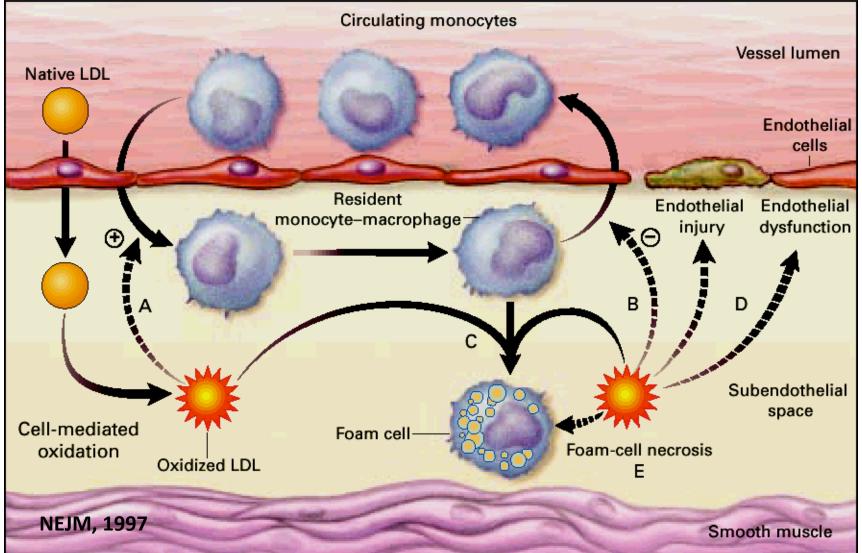
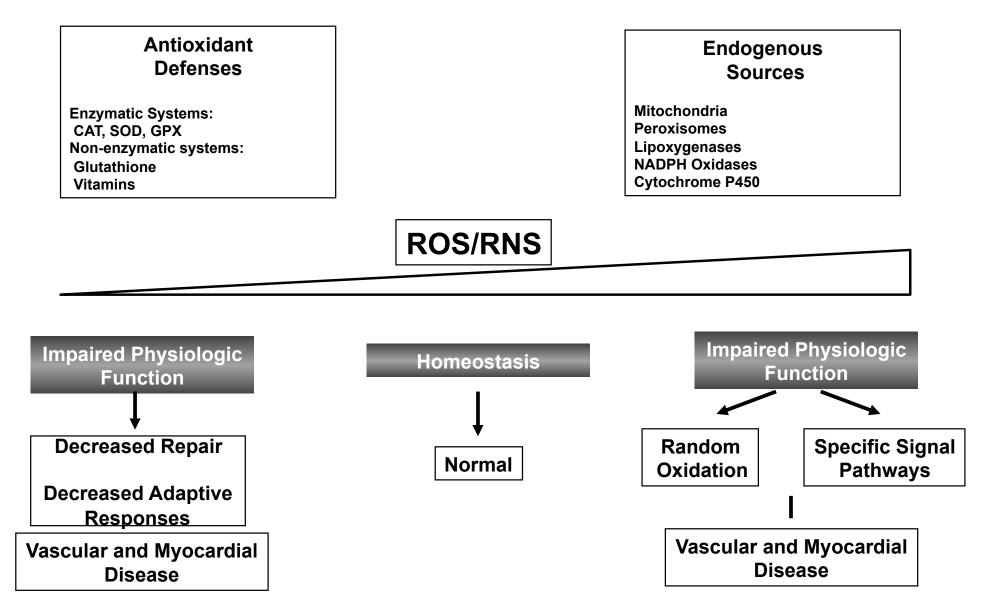
Introduction to ROS in the Cardiovascular System

John F. Keaney, Jr., M.D. UMass Medical School Worcester, MA

Role of ROS in CV Disease: Antiquated



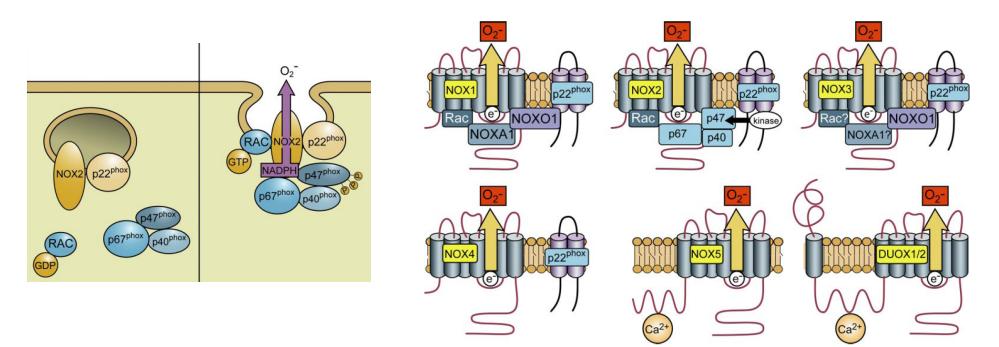


Adapted from Finkel and Holbrook, 2007

NADPH Oxidases

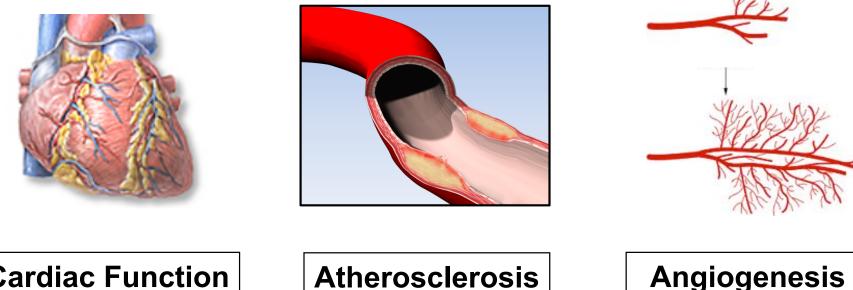
Neutrophil "Burst" Oxidase

NADPH Oxidase (Nox) Enzyme Family



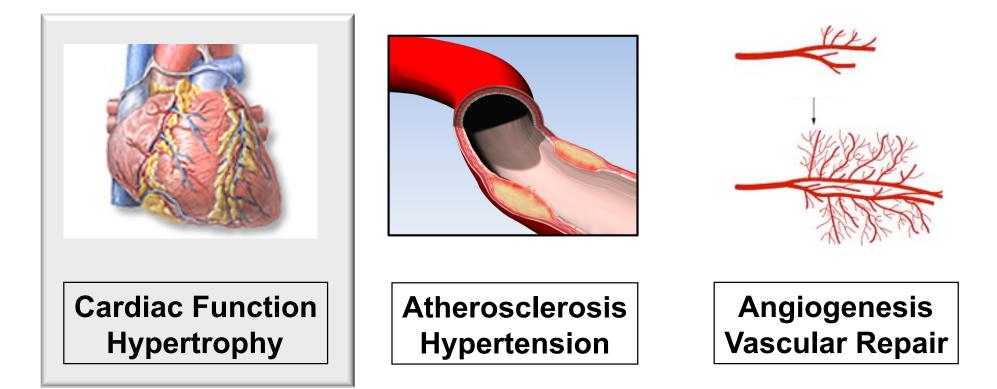
Bedard and Krause, Physiol. Rev. 2007;87

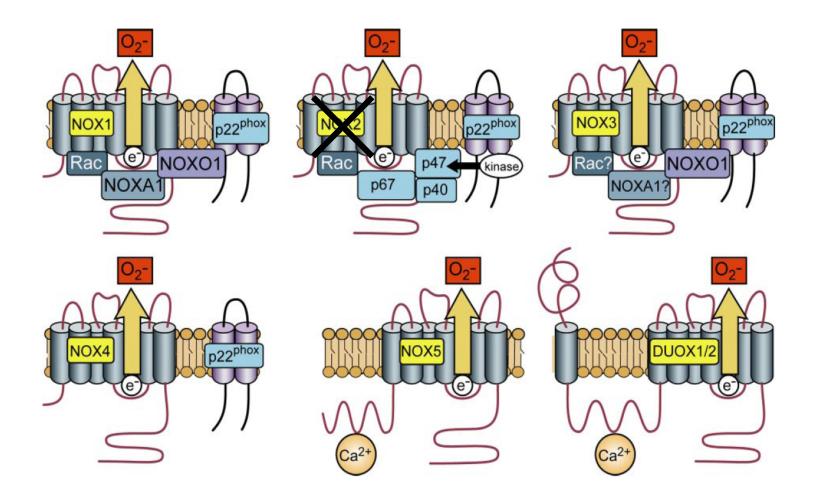
Contemporary ROS and CV System: Major Areas of Influence



Cardiac Function Hypertrophy Atherosclerosis Hypertension Angiogenesis Vascular Repair

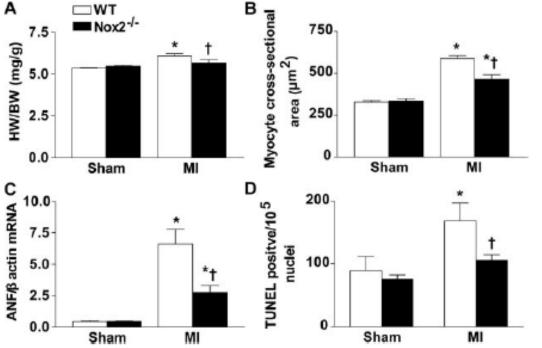
Contemporary ROS and CV System: Major Areas of Influence





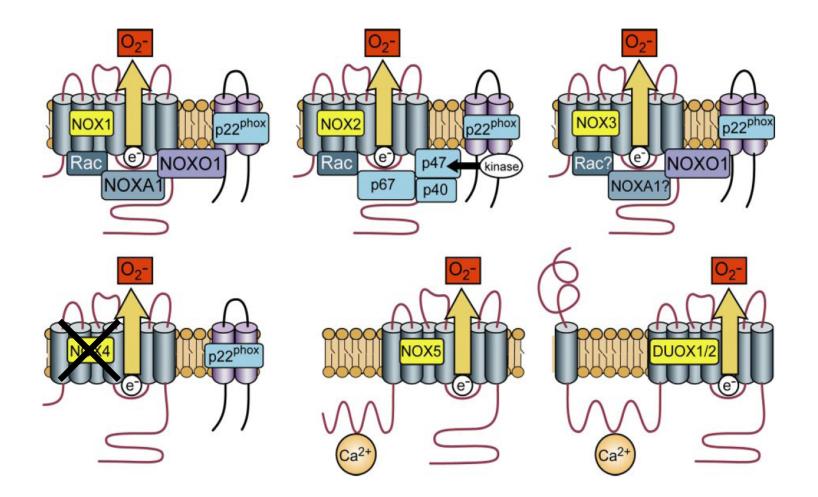
Bedard and Krause, Physiol. Rev. 2007;87

Nox2 Influences Cardiac Remodeling After Myocardial Infarction



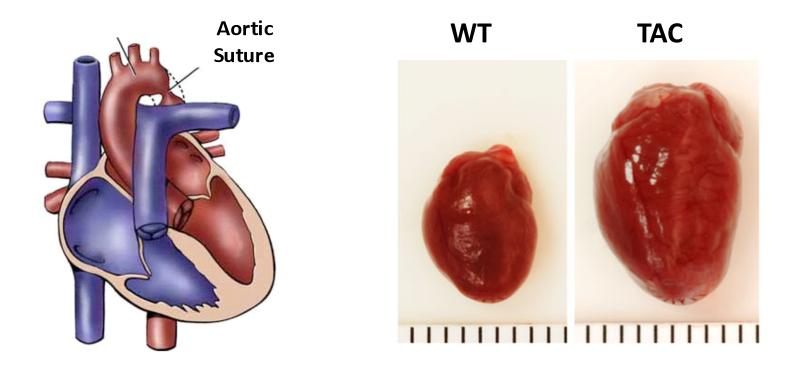
- Less pathologic heart remodeling
- Reduced change to the fetal gene program
- Less apoptosis

Hypertension. 2008 Feb;51(2):319-25

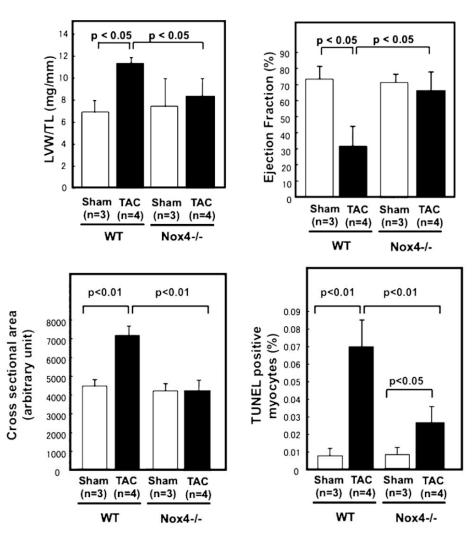


Bedard and Krause, Physiol. Rev. 2007;87

Trans Aortic Constriction Model



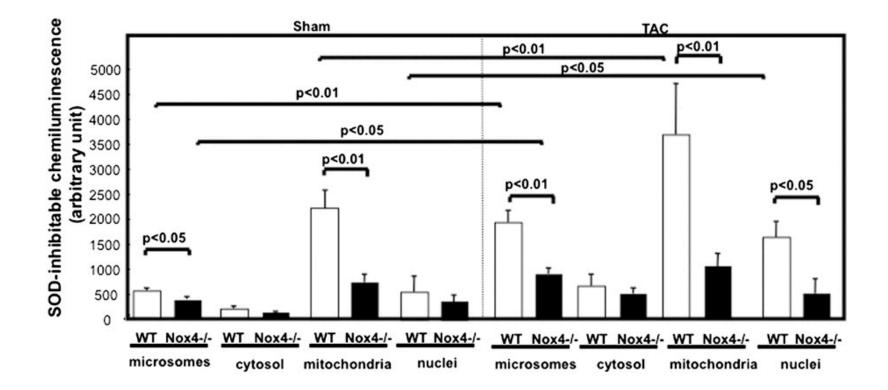
Cardiac Nox4 is Deleterious in Pressure Overload



- Less pathologic hypertrophy
- Improved function (ejection fraction)
- Less apoptosis

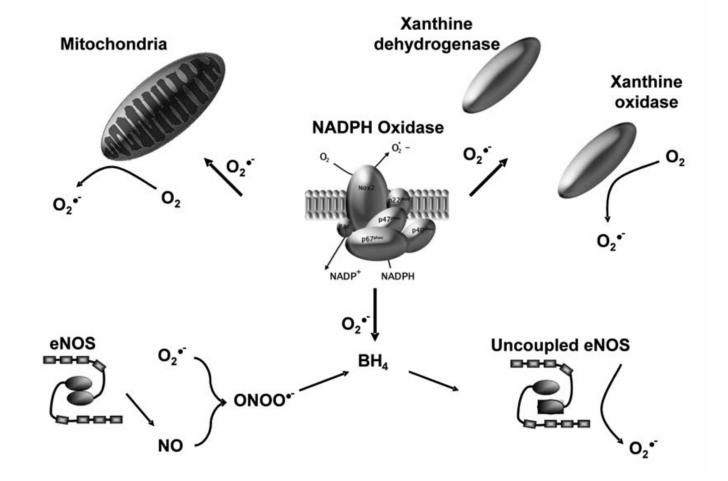
Kuroda J et al. PNAS 2010;107:15565-15570

Nox4 Impacts Multiple ROS Sources



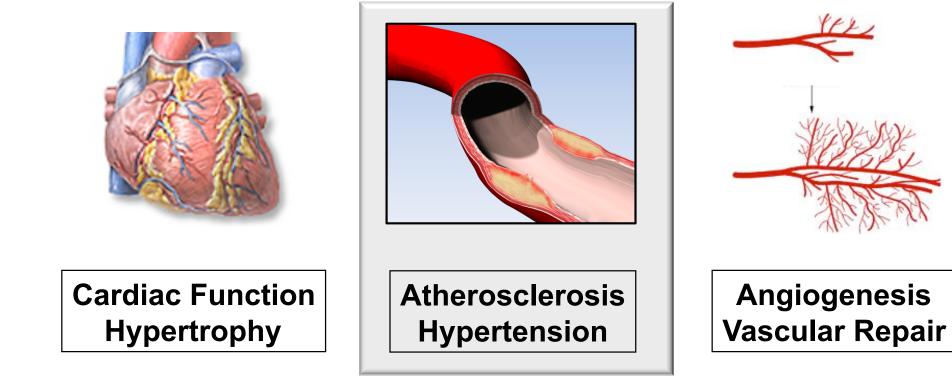
Kuroda J et al. PNAS 2010;107:15565-15570

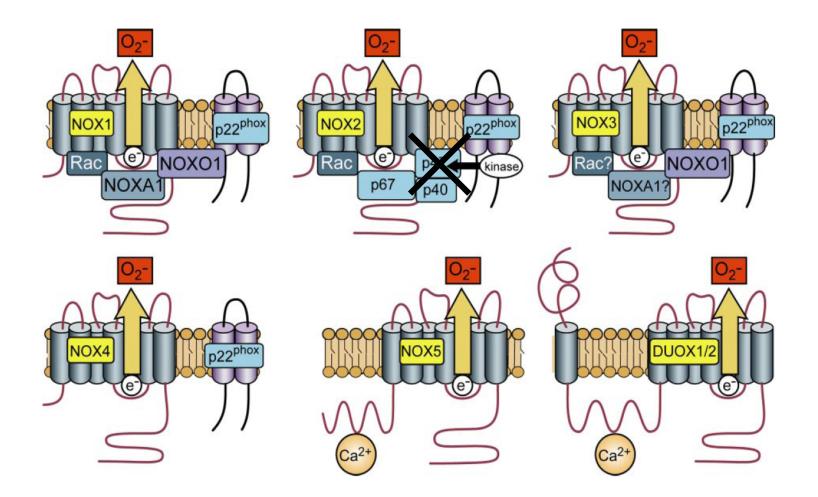
Interaction of ROS Sources



Cave et. al. Antioxid. Redox Signal. 8, 691–728

Contemporary ROS and CV System: Major Areas of Influence



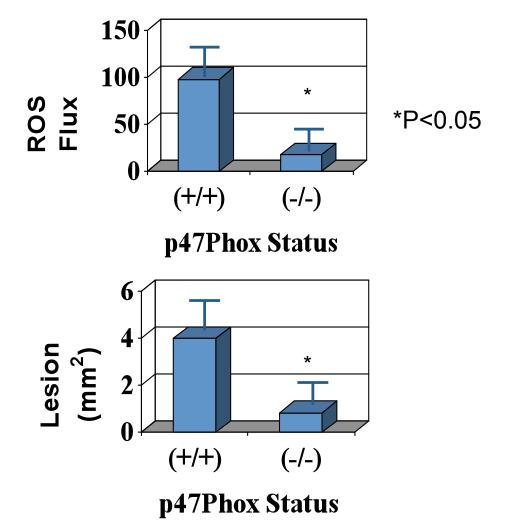


Bedard and Krause, Physiol. Rev. 2007;87

NADPH Oxidase Activity and Atherosclerosis

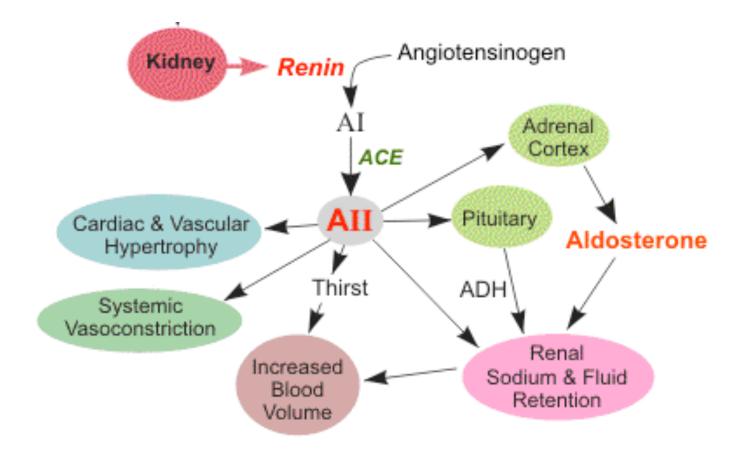
- ApoE(-/-) mice with or without p47phox
- Animals on chow followed for 30 weeks
- ROS production measured by DHE staining
- Atherosclerosis determined by aortic lipid content

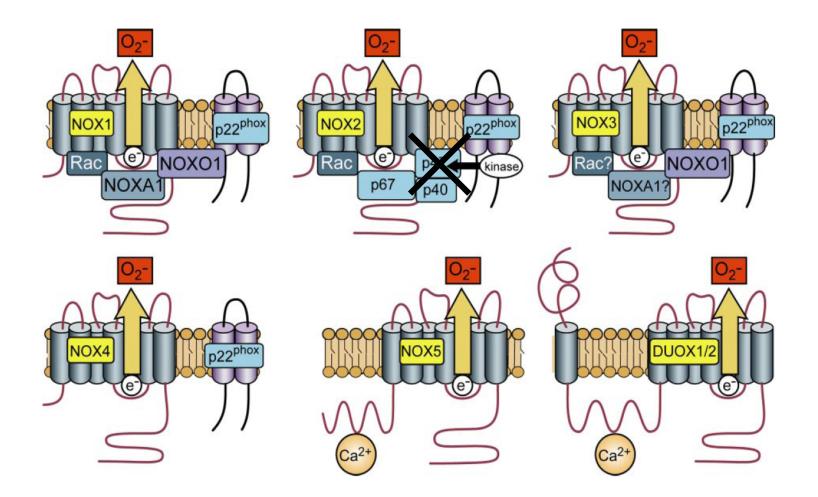
Barry-Lane et al. J. Clin. Invest. 2001;108:1513



What about hypertension?

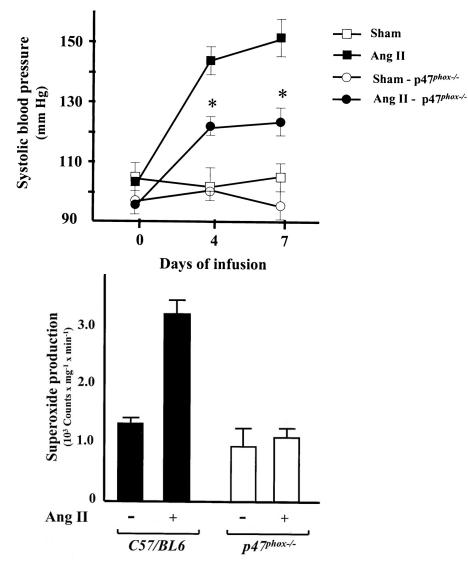
Renin-Angiotensin System





Bedard and Krause, Physiol. Rev. 2007;87

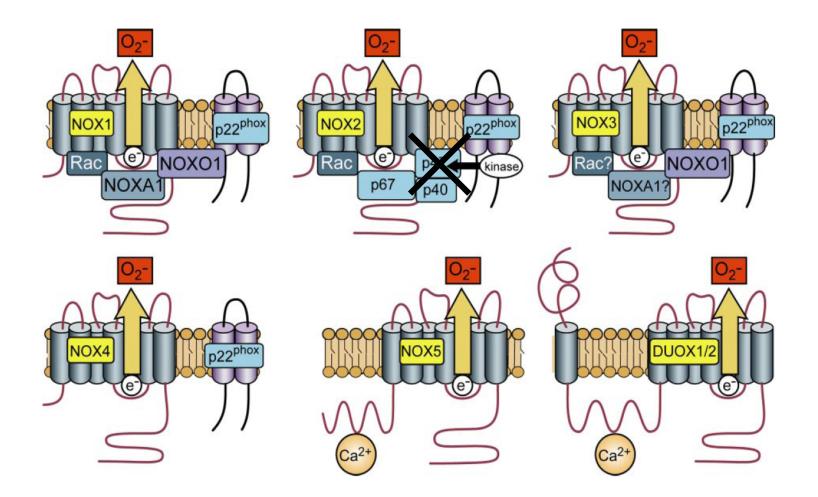
Nox2 and Hypertension



- Less ROS produced from blood vessels
- Less rise in blood
 pressure
- Less vascular hypertrophy

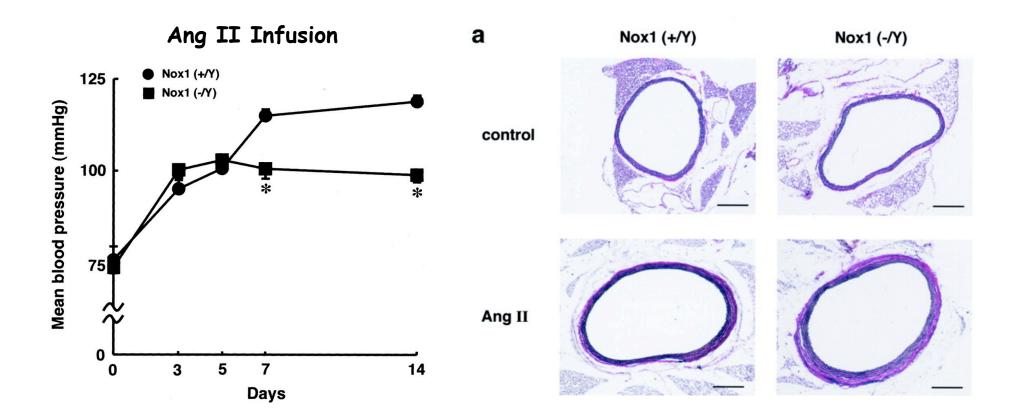
Landmesser, U. et al. Hypertension 2002;40:511-515

Not all ROS sources are equal!



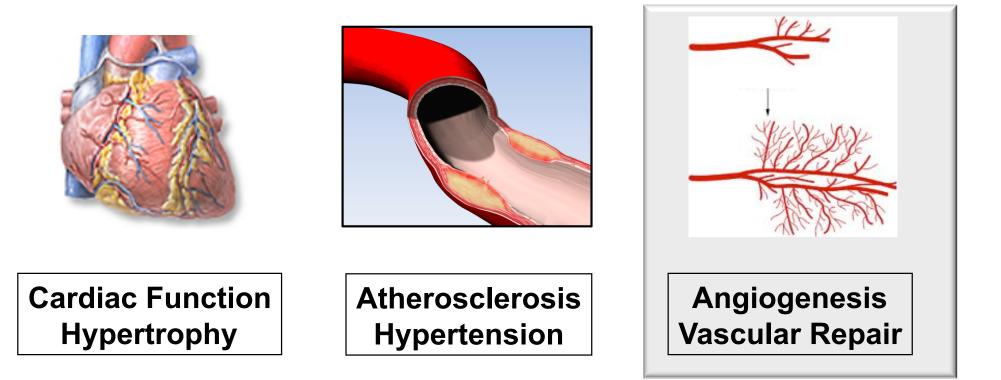
Bedard and Krause, Physiol. Rev. 2007;87

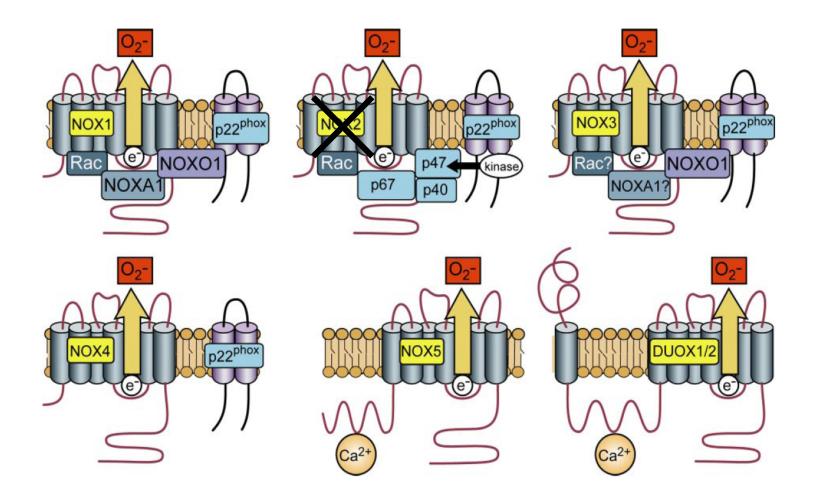
BP and Hypertrophy are Distinct



Matsuno, K. et al. Circulation 2005;112:2677-2685

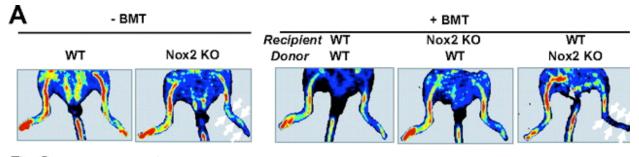
Contemporary ROS and CV System: Major Areas of Influence

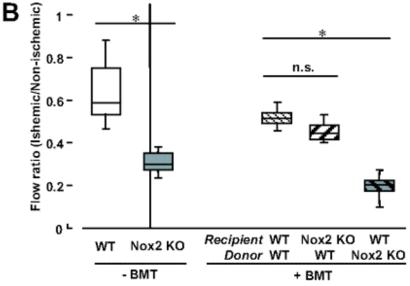




Bedard and Krause, Physiol. Rev. 2007;87

Bone Marrow Nox2 is Important for Ischemia-Induced Angiogenesis

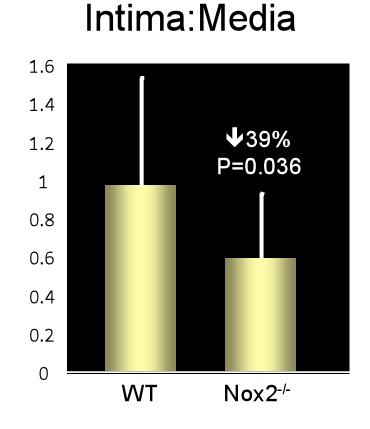


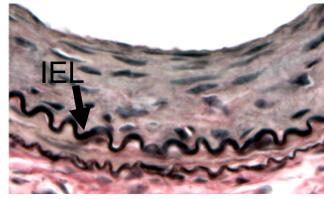


- Lack of Nox2 impairs ischemiainduced angiogenesis
- This effect is most prominent in bone marrow

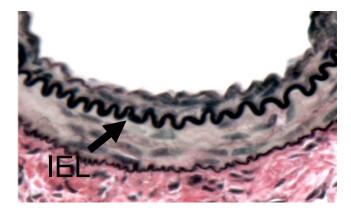
Urao, N. et al. Circ Res 2008;103:212-220

Nox2 Modifies Arterial Injury





Wild-type, 28d

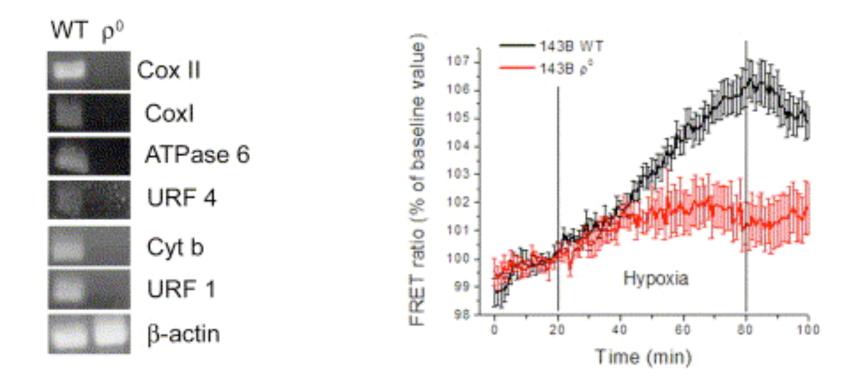


Nox2-/- , 28d

Chen et al., PNAS 2004;101:13014-13019

How about other ROS Sources?

Mitochondrial ROS are Important for Hypoxic Responses



Guzy et al., Cell Metabolism, 2005

Take Home Points

- ROS are ubiquitous, and serve as cellular messengers
- ROS responses are generally linked to injury and repair responses
- ROS sources and the regulation of these sources has, thus far, proven the most fruitful means of impacting disease
- NADPH oxidases are one important source of ROS in the cardiovascular system

What we do not yet know

- Which source(s) of ROS are specific for certain pathologic disorders
- How do the different source(s) of ROS relate to each other
- What are the "normal" mechanisms for specificity of ROS species
- Which ROS/RNS are most important in specific disease(s)